show cause why a penalty should not be assessed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and Section 15.17 of the compact. The order to the alleged violator shall:

- (1) Specify the nature and duration of violation(s) that is alleged to have occurred.
- (2) Set forth the date and time on which, and the location where, the alleged violator shall appear before the Commission.
- (3) Set forth any information to be submitted or produced by the alleged violator.
- (4) Identify the limits of the civil penalty that will be recommended to the Commission.
- (5) Name the individual(s) who has been appointed as the enforcement officer(s) in this matter pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Simultaneous with the issuance of the order to show cause, the Executive Director shall designate a staff member(s) to act as prosecuting officer(s).
- (c) In the proceeding before the Commission, the prosecuting officer(s) shall present the facts upon which the alleged violation is based and may call any witnesses and present any other supporting evidence.
- (d) In the proceeding before the Commission, the alleged violator shall have the opportunity to present both oral and written testimony and information, call such witnesses and present such other evidence as may relate to the alleged violation(s).
- (e) The Commission shall require witnesses to be sworn or make affirmation, documents to be certified or otherwise authenticated and statements to be verified. The Commission may also receive written submissions or oral presentations from any other persons as to whether a violation has occurred and any resulting adverse consequences.
- (f) The prosecuting officer(s) shall recommend to the Commission the amount of the penalty to be imposed. Based upon the record presented to the Commission, the Commission shall determine whether a violation(s) has occurred that warrants the imposition of a penalty pursuant to Section 15.17 of the compact. If it is found that such a violation(s) has occurred, the Commis-

sion shall determine the amount of the penalty to be paid, in accordance with §808.16.

§808.16 Civil penalty criteria.

- (a) In determining the amount of any civil penalty or any settlement of a violation, the Commission shall consider:
- (1) Previous violations, if any, of any provision of the compact, the Commission's rules or regulations, orders, approvals, docket conditions or any other requirements of the Commission.
 - (2) The intent of the alleged violator.
- (3) The extent to which the violation caused adverse consequences to public health, safety and welfare or to water resources.
- (4) The costs incurred by the Commission or any member jurisdiction relating to the failure to comply with any provision of the compact, the Commission's rules or regulations, orders, approvals, docket conditions or any other requirements of the Commission.
- (5) The extent to which the violator has cooperated with the Commission in correcting the violation and remediating any adverse consequences or harm that has resulted therefrom.
- (6) The extent to which the failure to comply with any provision of the compact, the Commission's rules or regulations, orders, approvals, docket conditions or any other requirements of the Commission was economically beneficial to the violator.
- (7) The length of time over which the violation occurred and the amount of water used during that time period.
- (b) The Commission retains the right to waive any penalty or reduce the amount of the penalty recommended by the prosecuting officer under §808.15(f) should it determine, after consideration of the factors in paragraph (a) of this section, that extenuating circumstances justify such action.

§ 808.17 Enforcement of penalties, abatement or remedial orders.

Any penalty imposed or abatement or remedial action ordered by the Commission or the Executive Director shall be paid or completed within such time period as shall be specified in the civil